WHEELING. WEST VA., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1887.

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# The Intelligencer:

Office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

NEGRO whipping in Missouri is fair to middling this season.

JEFFERSON county is an interesting missionary field, but it doesn't follow that results would be immediate.

laid a track and another tore it up by Philadelphia, that the laws are silent?

WHAT President Garrett knows about the

mooted Baltimore & Ohio deal he is going to keep to himself till the clouds roll by. Carious Directors may cultivate the virtue GREAT BRITAIN is not so prompt as the

United States to recover from the long depression. She needs more free trade There can't be too much of so good i

Is the offers for the location of the Methodist Conference Seminary, Wheelheads the list. To save trouble the brethren would do well to take the best and have done with it.

Muscie, Indiana, is blowing off under a heavy pressure of excitoment because she has seven gas wells. Wheeling's supply rests on twenty-five wells, increasing at the rate of two a week. Yet we are not putting

Ir the Senate takes the view of the House the Pennsylvania Legislature will

may not be a perfect contrivance, but the bill promised a great improvement on the present state of affairs in the large cities of New York. The Governor will have the approval of the politicians of his party, of tne liquor interest and of the Probibi-

THE Pan Handle grab bag was worked for all there was in it. It seemed a safe venture, and the plunder being plentiful there was no reason why dishonest mer should not sail in. But why was the thieving allowed to go en so long? That is a question that will continue to puzzle people who are not railroad officials. The company know its cars were being robbed; given that much it ought to have been able to make a descent on the robbers much earlier than it did.

nated because the party can't ignore him, and then he will be defeated by dissatisfied Democrats in New York. Mr. Curtis says the Magwamps would not support John Sherman because "he is not responsive in his methods," whatever that

Blaine, he says, is the most popular leader of his party, and he is afraid Blaine is going to be nominated. If any other than Blaine be nominated, particularly Sherman, Mr. Curtis pays the friends of Blaine would quietly do what they could to defeat the nominee.

This shows how little Mr. Curtis knows Mr. Blaine's friends in the party. Doubtless there are votes outside the party that only Mr. Blaine could get, but the men in the party who have preferred Blaine will stand by the nominee to a man. There is none of the Mug-

had. In 1880 they wanted Blaine and got Garfield, and they gave Garfield a loyal support. They will do the same for the next nominee though he be another than Mr. Blaine, and they will do it because they are Republicans.

Sr. Louis, April 13,-A colored Baptist evangelist by the name of Williams, who has been holding revival meetings in De Soto, Mo., among his colored brethren, was taken from his home by five masked men last night and unmercifully beaten with hickory switches. He says they took turns and kept up the flogging for took turns and kept up the flogging for an hoar. His neighbor's wife has been on friendly terms with his wife, and Williams says he recognized the neighbor, who is a white map, as leader of the gang. Another outrage is reported to-day from Callaway county. Kalo Turner, residing near Fullon, a farmer of fair reputation, has been taken out, terribly flogged and promised a necktie party if he did not leave the country in three days. He has lived in this county for years and has amassed a small competence.

amassed a small competence.

A short time ego he quarreled with his neighbor, a Mr. Cartis, the result of which neighbor, a Mr. Curtis, the result of which was that Mr. Curtis and Mrs. Turner left their homes. A few nights later a band of masked men, with shotgans, fired through the window of Mrs. Curtis' house, doubtless intending to kill the mother and two children while they slept. Turner says he can assign no cause for the outrages, and says that when he was flogged he asked the reason for it and no reply was given. He denies any improper conduct with Mrs. Curtis. A few years ago a party of makket men whipped a negro to death in this county, and a short time to death in this county, and a short time after another was riddled with bullets.

Will Tell Them May 1. sation including Senators Platt and Hawley waited on the President this afternoon
and invited him to be present at the dedication of a soldiers' monument at New
Haven, Conn., June 18. The President
informed them that he could not give them
a definite answer until after May 1.

New York, and that his visit to Bournemouth was arranged before his departure
from this country, and was not, as has
been generally snaposed, the result of a
relapse, or anything of the kind. It is
thought now that Mr. Jordan's successor.
Comptroller of the United States Treasury,
after his return to Washington early in
May.

The streets and hotels are crowded with

## WORST BULLDOZING

How the Elections in Jefferson County wer Water-The Ballots Alleged to Have Been Manipulated in Some Cases.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12 .- Over in Jefferson county they had an election the

other day, which was of no little interest to the entire State. Jefferson county people tell me that, notwithstanding the small vote out it was one of the bitterest PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is very handy and most intensely interesting elections with the veto, but he hasn't had Governor ever held there. Both parties had out Hill's chance to reach out over high li- excellent men. For years the Bourbo Democrats have had control of the princi pal offices. The Sheriffalty is the leading office, and every election, whether municipal, magisterial or county, is made to serve the purposes of the factions fighting for the control of that office. The heriff is a power in the county. He is the head of the Court House ring, and no Aldermanic ring in New York ever had the political machinery or the people more completely at its mercy than has the Court House ring the people of Jofferson county. Every county office but two minor places is in the clutches of this minor places is in the clutches of this ring, and each office is most unblushingly used for partisan purposes, and to further the interests of the Bourbon faction to which they belong. One who is familiar wifn the knowledge of the power vested in a clique of county officers can understand how it is possible for them to get the people and tax-payers by the throat and retain the grip as long as it is possible for them to manipulate primaries and conventions in their own interests. By the free fac of this power and an unblushing use of money and whisky, every convention is packed, and it is possible for them to mominate and elect no one to office who does not belong to them. So high-handed are these methods that many of the best Democrats of the county refuse to take part in conventions. House the Pennsylvania Legislature will lay the heavy hand of that great Commonwealth on the Standard Oil Company. The Billingsley pipe line bill is looked upon by all producers as a measure that will help to get them out of the toils.

Governor Hill's voto of the high license bill only follows out the policy of hisparty in the Legislature. High license was the appropriate country area. The ring has a small majority of the voters with it, because partly it makes demogogical appeals to their prejudices, and partly because the poorer tax-payers are more at heavy produced to incur the ill-will of the series. It is said that the county affairs are in a bad state.

FEATURES OF THE ELECTION.

After much coaxing by the Republican leaders Mr. Higginbotham was persuaded to accept the candidacy for the Legis-lature two days before the election. An element of the Democratic party had refused to support Beckwith, and it was self, as those questions had not yet come thought they would vote for Higginboth. leaders Mr. Higginbotham was persuaded thought they would vote for Higginboth am. Many of them did so, but owing to the shortness of the time for a canvase, svery small Republican vote was out. There was no money for expenses. The Democratic candidate, however, was bad ly frightened and went to work. Ever vote possible was brought out by the rin Over five thousand dollars was spent ! Over five thousand dollars was spent for the purpose, so badly were they frightened. Here is how the money was used, and I am told it is a specimen of all Jefferson county elections when the Bourbon ring is managing. Every word of this is capable of proof:

Whisky was used freely in the public street, contrary to law. At least one Demotrery to law.

much earlier than it did.

Me. George William Curris, being interviewed, cays Mr. Cleveland has largely met the Mugwump expectation, and would make an even better President than he has if it were not for his party; that Mr. Cleveland is better than his party; that he will probably be renominated because the party can't impore him.

Whicky was used freely in the public street, contrary to law. At least one Democrat kept "open house," and fless of men were going in all day, whicky being as free as water. Whenever the ring sent out a boodler to buy fresh votes, if he was furnished with orders for from \$1 to \$1 75. Mr. Frankleisenring, a Republican manager, was threatened with a boyout by a county officerunless he quit working for his ticket.

working for his ticket.

Previous to the election a Jefferson
Bourbon leader came to Washington to see Mr. Leisenring, who was here on insur ance business, and offered to pay him lib erally if he would manipulate the Repub eraily if he would manipulate the Repub-lican vote for him in case he ran for the Legislature. Mr. Leisenring indignantly spurned the offer and recented the insult by going to Jefferson county and working hard for Mr. Higginbotham. The Bourbon expressed great dissatisfaction at "the way things are going." and said: "If an yoing things are going," and said: "I am going to leave the State. Certain men out there are making a cat's paw of me. I do their work and spend all my money for them, but when an office is to be given I am not considered available!

BULLDOZING COLORED PROPLE

with dismissal by the Board of Education. (Mr. Colston, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, is President of the Board.) Thus five or six of the most intelligent colored Republicans were kept wump in them. They don't go into a convention and sit it through, participating to the last, with no intention of supporting the nominee. They don't make speeches denouncing the Democratic party, and then help the Democratic nominee to get into the White House. In 1876 they wanted Blaine and get Hayes, and they gave Hayes all they had. In 1880 they wanted Blaine and got the State of the State as Charlestown was the only precinct en-titled to the privilege. In one precinct Beckwith's majority is stated at more then the total vote cast.

the total vote cast.

These are only a few of the facts in connection with the election. Is it any wonder that the best men of the county are ready to repudiate the Bourbon party and join in the effort to get the control of the county from them next year?

To show the character of the revolt against the Bourbonbodde methods.

against the Bourbon-boodle methods, I will give you a few names of those Dem-ocrats who openly voted the Republican ticket: Hon. Alex. Hunter, former proseocrate who openly voted the Republican ticket: Hon. Alex. Hunter, former prosscuting attorney (who prosecuted John Brown), Col. Thomas A. Moore, who has been for fifty years the Democratic clerk of the county, Mr. H. O. Talbott, President of the First National Bank, Mr. Warren Eby, one of the most substantial farmers of the county, Rev. J. W. Tongue, a minister in the M. E. church South, Mr. George Marlowe, the leading farmer and tax-payer of the contry, George F. Eichelberger, Charles H. Knotts, Jeading farmer, Hon. John W. Grantham, removed from a directorship of the Charlestown Bank because he opposed the ring.

Hon. Wm. H. Travers, Dr. J. D. Starry, Hon. Cleon Moore, Mr. George Tearney and hundreds of other men of like tharacter refused to vote, in spite of Beckwith's personal appeals.

These gentlemen are stanuch Democrate, but they are disgusted with Bourbon rule. And this is what is coming in some other Bourbon counties. There are a few Republicans who cannot see it this way

Bourbon counties. There are a few Republicaus who cannot see it this way now, but they will in time.

Manning's lienith. WASHINGTEN, D. C., April 13 .- A letter has been received here from Treasurer Jordan, who is now in Paris, saying that ex-Secretary Manning arrived in England n much better health than when he left New York, and that his visit to Bourne-

#### LONG AND SHORT HAUL.

Judge Cooley Explains Why the Provisions of the Clause Were Suspended, CHICAGO, April 13.—Judge T. M. Cooley, Chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, is in the city engaged n settling up his accounts as receiver of

the Wabash Railway. He was interviewed to-day by a press representative in regard to the recent ac-tion of the Commission in suspending the operation of the long and short haul sec-tion of the new law for the roads in the Southern Railway Steamship Association, which has called forth so much unfavor-able notice.

which has called forth so much unfavorable notice.

Judgo Cooley, in reply, said that the Commissioners, after thoroughly discussing the arguments presented by the various roads, came to the conclusion that justice required that they should move slowly on a question of such great importance, and that they should not take action that would be definite and final in its affect without first making thoroughly. ts effect without first making themselves

fully acquainted with the situation. This was deemed particularly important, because the law went into effect so soon after the appointment of the Commission, and the railroads had hardly time to adopt their tariffs and rules to accord with the provisions of the new-law.

The Commission, he said, did not recognize the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, as had been claimed, but based its action upon the individual arguments presented by the representatives of the various roads in that association. the various roads in that association, specially the Louisville & Nashville, East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, and other leading southern roads. The claim that the Commission erred in extending the order to all southern roads south of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippiriver, he did not think held good, as not to ly the competition by the steamship times had to be taken into consideration, if the other than the competition by the Mississippiriver, he did not think any injustice was done to the roads this side of the Ohio river and other southern navigable rivers. He did not think any injustice was done to the roads this dide of the Ohio river by granting temporary relief to the conform with the new law by the roads in the both that hey must conform with the long and y short hauf section of the law without affording them reasonable time to do so might hwas subjected than to excipt affording them reasonable time to do so might have subjected them to serious trouble and loss. If the commission finds, upon personal investigation that no good a cause exists for giving the Southern roads, or any other roads, the privilege of making pecial through rates to meet alleged water competition it would at once compel those roads to conform strictly with the provisions of the long and short haul section.

Judge Cooley also stated that the Com-

Fore-ul at J New York, April 13 .- The obsequies o the late John T. Raymond, the noted actor, took place at the Church of the Transfiguration ("the little church around the corner") this morning, Rev. Dr. Hepworth officiating. The edifice was deceased. The services were very impressive. The following were the pall-bearers: A. M. Palmer, James Lewis, R. M. Stoddard, Arthur Wallack, Harry Edwards, T. Henry French, William J. Florence, Nat Goodwin, Dr. Guernsey and Charles Bishop.

Florence, Nat Goodwin, Dr. Guernsey and Charles Bishop.

Upon the conclusion of the ceremonies the remains were taken to Greenwood Cemetery and placed in a receiving vault, where they will remain until Mrs. Raymond fixes upon a permanent resting vales.

BALTIMORE, April 13 .- The monthly nesting of the directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was held to-day. A emi-annual dividend of four per cent on he main stem and five per cent on the Vashington branch was declared. President Garrett did not attend the

CHARLESTON, W. VA., April 13 .- The Kanawha & Richmond Railroad Company was organized here to-day with the followwas organized here to day with the following officers: Wm. S. Edwards, of this city, President: Emmons Blaine, of Chicago, Vice President; C. E. Pechin, of Cleveland, second Vice President; Malcom Jackson, of this city, Secretary. The directors are: C. H. Merrill, of Chicago, Wm. A. Quarrier, Frank Woodman, Neil Robinson and Webster D. Smith. The road is to be built from this city south, connecting with the Richmond & Allegheny, Norfolk & Western, and Richmond & Danville system, opening up the great iron and coke fields of the Virginias to the north and northwest.

CHICAGO, April 13.-The branch of the Oriminal Court presided over by Judge Tuley, was crowded this forenoon by the Tuley, was crowded this forencen by the announcement that the county "boodlers" would be arraigned for trial. Judge Tuley, however, granted the defendants till tomorrow, and they will appear before the bar of the court te-morrow forence for that purpose. In the case of William J. McGarigle, warden of the county hospital, held under numerous indictments for conspiracy and bribery, his counsel asked until to-morrow for a change of venue to some court outside of Cook county.

Woman Suffrage Amendment. te to-day finally passed the joint resoluion proposing a woman suffrage constitutional amendment, yeas 27, nays 16. The ladies gallery was crowded during the vote. They were quite enthusiastic and upon the announcement that the resolution had passed they arose and waved their handkerchiefs. Senator Harlan, the famels suffage champles they arose worth. emale suffrage champion, was warmly congratulated on this victory.

Amendments All Defeated. San Francisco, April 13 .- The Consti-

tutional amendments voted for by the State yesterday were all defeated. The state Yesterday were all defeated. The first provided a method of the selection of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the second for an increase of salaries of the Supreme Judges and certain Supreme Judges and the thind that the city over 10,000 population be empowered to make their own city charter. The proposed new charter for San Francisco was also defeated.

Alabama Liar in Indiana,

#### RAILWAY PIRATES.

THREATENING THE OFFICIALS

Missive-The Amount of Stuff Stolen Aggragates More than has jet Been Imagined-More to be Arrested.

PITTSBURGH, PA., April 13.-The accomplices of the arrested trainmen on the Pan handle Railroad have resorted to threats There is strong evidence to-day that

here are still a number of desperate characters at large who have taken a promient part in the extensive robberies. The most startling phase in the nov elebrated case was developed early this

morning. Among the mail that lay upon Superin endent Taylor's desk was an envelope that differed from the other, that present ed a more business appearance. It was a dainty envelope of the kind that is used by young ladies in their correspondence On the back of it the address appeared in a plain but rather cramped hand that indicated that it had been written by a person not in the habit of sending letters. The letter was addressed to Superintendent E. B. Taylor. Its threatening contents were as follows:

Don't make any more arrests, dam you, or we will cut your dam wires, and do it as often as we please. You can't get us all, and you had better let the matter

Dennison, O., April 12, 1887.

Dennison, O., April 12, 1887.

Superintendent Taylor read it over carefully and then smiled as he said he had no fears of the threats being executed. He picked it up a second time, however, when asked by the writer il he could recognize the handwriting. After carefully studying the handwriting for a moment, Mr. Taylor said he believed he could place the man who wrote it.

A careful inspection will be made of the signatures of all of the employes who sign their names to the pay rolls. It will thus be a not very difficult matter to locate the man who wrote the letter.

The letter shows that there are still desperate trainmen at large. The threats

The letter shows that there are still desperate trainmen at large. The threats coming so soon after the arrests proves that the desperadoes who are still at large are willing to resort to any method to retain their freedom. They believe that they can intimidate the railroad officials. In this they are mistaken. It will redouble the efforts of the officials to hunt down every man on the road who has

lown every man on the road who has been identified with the robberles. been identified with the robberles.

The letter that was sent to Superintendent Taylor is regarded as an additional evidence that the men are organized. The fact of its coming from Dennison shows that that place is still the rendezvous of a superior of the men. That only a portion

that that place is still the rendezvous of a number of the men. That only a portion of them have been arrested is proven. There may yet be still more startling events in the final execution of the gigantic plan of unearthing the robberies that is being so ably executed by the detective employed by the Panhandle Railroad. Detectives Coulson and Shore were at the Union Station at 6 o'cleck this morning. They accommanded the number of the state o

the Union Station at 6 o'clock this morning. They accompanied the pay car on
its trip to-day. The men will be paid at
Washington, Wheeling and Steubenville
to-day and at Dennison to-morrow. The
desectives will keep a sharp lookout today for all suspected freight trainmen.
Superintendent Taylor, in speaking of
the arrests, stated this morning that there
were still a large number of the trainmen
on the Pittaburgh Division on whom there
did not rest the slightest suspicion. For
these the company has the kindest feeling. He said that there were eighty
through freights between Pittaburgh and
columbus. Of this number thirty-five Were west of Dennison, and were not under surveillance.

der surveillance.

Of the remaining forty-five crews, em-ploying 180 men, sixty were arrested, This left about 120 men between Pitts-burgh and Dennison, he said, who were not under suspicion and were still work-

EXTENT OF ROBBERIES.

As time progresses the most positive President Garrett did not attend the meeting of directors of the B. & O. road to-day. Had he been present the representatives of the stock owned by the City of Baltimore would have questioned him in regard to the rumored deal for a transfer of the control of the road. No other persons are in possession of any facts in relation to the deal, and the Board adjourned without any information having been obtained,

As time progresses the most positive and confirmatory evidences accumulate showing that the speculations on the Panhandle railroad have been far in excess of that what has been reported by the officials and others who might be interested in placing the losses at the journed without any information having been obtained, and confirmatory evidences accumulate showing that the speculations on the Panhandle railroad have been far in excess of that what has been reported by the officials and others who might be interested in placing the losses at the lowest figure. This afternoon it came to light that a car was rifled Sunday a week ago between this city and Dennison, not a single article of value being left behind. This bold move on the part of the railway free-booters brought them booky valued dary. This bold move on the part of the railway free-booters brought them booty valued at \$3,500. It has been stated by parties in the American detective bureau's office in this city that the stolen goods stored in the rear of Mr. Gilkeson's private office contain \$100,000 worth of valuables, a part of which were obtained in the city "fences." An addition has been made to the recovered property by the goods brought back from New Waterford, Ohio, by Detective John T. Norris, who also had with him Elmer Young, another of the accused railroaders. The railroad company has already satisfied most of the claims of the consigners of the stolen property. The goods in the hands of the detectives will be sold by auction when all the cases are settled in court. In further confirmation of the theory that they have been reported, and that the losses extend into the hundreds of thousands, the statements of John Hampton, Egg., who has been attending to the legal and of the case, is alone sufficient. Said he: "Had the counsel and officials of the Pan-Handle Railroad desired to arreat." oters brought them booty valued he: "Had the counsel and officials of the Pan-Handle Railroad desired to arrest all Pan-Handle Kalifold desired to errest all of the employes of the road who were directly or indirectly connected with the robberies it would have been necessary to stop the operation of the road. When the case had been worked up to the point of making the arrests a selection was made from the long list of names, the supposed ringlenders being the ones against whom the charges were preferred.

NOT MORE THAN HALF ARRESTED. Not only is the number against whom informations were made small in comparison with what it might have been according to Mr. Hampton's statement, but. ison with wast it might have been, according to Mr. Hampton's statement, but, as was learned through a positive statement by Alderman Gripp to-day, not more than half of those charged in the informations have been arrested. Since the first arrests of Panhandle men, including many for whom warrants were out, commenced fleeing from danger in all directions. Among the number who thus succeeded in escaping the vigilant eye and the nippers of Mr. Glikeson and his associates, are some of the most successful and daring of the robbers. Assistant District Attorney Fagan stated that there were at least 196 informations, and that some of them named six and ten persons. On an average, he said, each of the 106 informations contained the names of at least three persons. From these statements, therefore, it will be seen that, however large the number of railroaders under arrest, and however successful the detectives were in making the descent upon the train robbers, fully half the number intended to be arrested are still at large. pers of Mr. Gilkeson and his associates, are some of the most successful and daring of the robbers. Assistant District Attorney Fagan stated that there were at least 106 informations, and that some of them named six and ten persons. On an average, he said, each of the 106 informations contained the names of at least three persons. From these statements, therefore, it will be seen that, however large the number of railroaders under arrest, and however successful the detectives were in making the descent upon the train robbers, fully half the number intended to be arrested are still at large.

The only arrest to-day was G. W. Forisha, who was captured at Collier's, West Virginia, and brought to this city to-night. There are nine charges sgainst him. This makes sixty-eight mon now under arrest. In a fight between farmers near Lafayette, Ind., about the possession of land, Indian problems of the control of the central trains and brought and Republicans superseded by Democrats.

In a fight between farmers near Lafayette, Ind., about the possession of land, Indian problems of the control of the central trains to have needlessly killed large numbers of the there were at least three were perfectly valuable and the west of the Cincinnation of the Cincinnation of the control of the central trains and the result of the circles of the Cincinnation of the central trains and the case of the control of the control of the control of the central trains and the rest will be seen that, however large was contained to his case of the central trains and the rail trait action. She gave her name as Cora McAllister, age 17 years, residence synacue, N. Y.

Some three months age Mica McAllister and the department, and the department, and the department, and the custody of the department, and the c

FATAL FIRE

Chicago-Two Firemen Lose Their Lives

-Loss of Property.

Chicago, April 13.—J. J. McGrath's BETWEEN THE STOVE MOULDERS

wall-paper house at Nos. 106, 108, 110 and 112 Wabash avenue, located in a five-story building, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The stock is an en-tire loss, and the building is irreparably injured, the floors having fallen through The fire was also attended by at least two

jumped from story to story, above and be-low, and seized speedily upon the very inflamable stuff with which the floors were inflamable stall with which the noors were loaded. A second and third alarm was turned in, and twenty engines were soon working upon the building.

Despite the earliness of the hour a large

Despite the earliness of the hour a large crowd soon gathered and watched the work of destruction. The large stand pipe was soon erected and poured a heavy stream into the top story. The floors began to fall within three-quarters of an hour af-ter the start of the fire. Firemen say that they have never before seen so rapid and complete a destruction of a large estab-lishment. The fire was out a start.

lars. It was probably the largest stock carried by any one firm in America. The insurance will fall short of the loss by

The loss on the stock is estimated by the insurance people at from \$400,000 to \$500,000. The only ascertained insurance on the stock is \$60,500, so that the loss to McGrath in very heavy. The building was owned by Mrs. Maria Lahman; he loss is \$35,000; insurance, \$30,000. Fire in sing Sing.

Sing Sing, N. Y., April 13 .- Fire broke out in the laundry drying room of the State prison this morning, and destroyed the upper floor and roof.

The prisoners behaved splendidly and

worked most effectually to put out the ire. The village fire companies also gave prompt and valuable assistance. The damage to the building is \$3,000.

A large number of shirts were burned, but it is impossible to calculate at present what the loss on them will be. It will be considerable however.

Pittssungu, Pa., April 13.-A fire in the uilding occupied by Somers & Bros., probuilding occupied by Somers & Bros., produce dealers, on Liberty street, this evening, caused a loss of \$25,000, principally from water. The losses, which are fully covered by insurance, were distributed as follows: Somers & Bros., \$10,000; Chas. Walther, cheese and produce, \$10,000; J. Stevenson & Co., pork packers, \$4,000; Wm. Martin, wholesale tobacco dealer, \$10,000. The fire was caused by a defective fine. tive flue.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., April 13.-A spe cial to the Tribune from Missoula, Mont. sys the city jail was fired from the inside early this morning, in an unknown man-ner. A man named Chambers, who was confined for vagrancy, was burned to death.

Incendiary Fire PITTSBURGH, PA., April 13 .- A Wooster. Ohio, special says: The large planing mill of D. C. Corry & Co., was destroyed by

oney.

The solid men of the city talk freely of shouldering their muskets and going out to build the road at the point of the bayonet. If this is the policy of the Government there is pretty sure to be another rebellion here. Citizons all over the Province are theoretical.

nce are thoroughly aroused on the ques ion and are in dead earnest. The Auti-Disallowance Association has The Anti-Disallowance Association has extracted from Premier Norquay a pledge, in writing, that when the Legislature meets to-morrow a charter to build the road will be passed before the speech from the throne is introduced. C. P. Brown, who has formed a new combination to defeat Norquay, has given a similar pledge if he succeeds. There will be lively times in Winnipeg within the next two days, as Mr. Norquay is moving heaven and earth to keep himself in power.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13 .- The gross poetal receipts at thirty of the larger ostoflices in the country for the first three months of the present year were \$4,746,016; an increase of \$381,481 over the corresponding period last year, or eight and seven-tenths per cent.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Texas drouth has been relieved

be giving not only the river trade a lift out to be making business lively on the Dhio canals.

Near Celina, Ohio, Joseph Busch, s armer, killed his wife with a hammer, and hanged himself with a bark noose in

Chicago cow doctors, engaged in slamp-ing out pleuro-pneumonia, are staid to have needlessly killed large numbers of valuable animals that were perfectly

# THE COMING CONTEST

and the Manufacturers-A; General Strike Postponed on Account of a Wedding-The Manufacturers' Meeting in Cleveland Comes to no Definite Terms.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, April 13 .- A happy CLEVELAND, OUTO, April 13.—A happy datalities,
Pipeman Michael Burns was standing in a fourth-story window when a sheet of flame came out, enveloped him, and he fell into the blazing mass inside.
John Heberlie, Lieutenant of Engine 33, was climbing a ladder to the second story when it slipped and he fell to the sidewalk, crushing his skull.
Captain Fred Reese had his leg broken by a falling atone.
The fire was discovered at 3:25 o'clock by a night watchman. When the firemen arrived the fire was in the centre of the building, but even before the hose could be brought to bear upon it the flames had jumped from story to story, above and beweek that fully 18,000 men will be idle because of the great lockout.
Some days ago the members of the General Executive Committee of the Stove of the story to story, above and beweek that fully 18,000 men will be idle bescause of the great lockout.
Some days ago the members of the Stove of the story to story, above and beweek that fully 18,000 men will be idle bescause of the great lockout.
Some days ago the members of the Stove of the story to story, above and beweek that fully 18,000 men will be idle bescause of the great stove moulders' strike.
The stove manufacturers admit that they have no hope of averting the trouble, and before the end of the week, they expect that at least 9,000 men will be idle bescause of the great stove moulders' strike.
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Some days ago the members of the General Executive Committee of the Stove Moulders' National Defense Association were requested to attend a meeting in this city to-usy to take definite action on the coming strike. The Executive Committee of the Third district, comprising the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, West Virginia, that part of Pennsylvania west of the Alleghenies, and the Southern States, was also notified that a meeting would be held in this city at the same time. Five members arrived in Cleveland this morning. They met but did not take any definite steps. congerning

soon erected and poured a heavy stream into the top story. The floors began to fall within three-quarters of an hour attended the strike because of the absence of seventhey have never before seen so rapid and complete a destruction of a large establishment. The fire was out at about 5 o'clock, and owing to the exertions of the firemen very little if any damage was done to the adjoining buildings, which are occupied by wholesale jewelry and millinery stores.

A careful estimate of the loss cannot be made until later in the day, but it is supposed to be about \$150,000 to \$175,000 on the stock and \$50,000 on the building. The insurance is said to be small.

Mr. McGrath, the owner of the stock of wall paper, declared this morning that the loss would reach one half million dollars. It was probably the largest stock.

Association and National Moulders Union. It is conceded by all that the moulders in the Third district would strike as soon as patterns sent from obnoxious foundries in St. Louis were put on the moulding-floors of establishments in other districts. It was announced that the St. Louis patterns and the content of the strength of the s terns had been received by the Third district and had been distributed among all coundries. The manufacturers stated that have year ready to part the part that the countries are the countries. condries. The manufacturers stated that they were ready to put them upon the loor as soon as the General Executive Committee issued an order to that effect. Nothing had been accomplished at noon, when the meeting adjourned, to assemble in Detroit to-morrow.

At the Detroit meeting an order will be given to manufacturers in this district to

given to manufacturers in this district to make castings for St. Louis firms that are now at war with striking employes. As soon as manufacturers issue the order the moulders it is said, will strike. There are about 240 union moulders employed in about 240 union moulders employed in Cleveland and their strike will throw 500 men out of employment.

STOVE MOBLDERS FIGHT.

With the Manufacturers - A Determin PITTEBURGH, PA., April 13.-The war otween the stove moulders and the man facturers has reached Pitteburgh, and rom present indications there will be a general strike within a few days. The anufacturers have made a bold and defiant move. They have formed an alliance etween the Stove Founders National De-

lense Association and this organization is conducting this warfare on the part of the manufacturers.

To-day the manufacturers in this city, members of the Defense Association, received a confidential circular from D. M. Thomas, Secretary of the Defense Association details of the Defense Association dated at Louisville, April 11. The

Threatened Strike. PITTEBURGH, April 13 .- A Now Castle, Pe., special says: A general strike of the imployes of the iron mills here is threatened, the manufacturers having refuse to concede the etipulations of a contract made with the employes last February. made with the employee have so far proved fruitless, but the workmen are still hopeful of amicable settlement. A strike would close down every mill in the place and throw out of employment over 2,000 men.

CHICAGO, April 13 .- All the 8,000 union carpenters are still idle, owing to the decision of the strikers that they would not return to work until a majority of the boss carpenters acceded to the demands. The two associations of employers are now united again and declare they will not concede to the demands of the strikers. Six strikers were arrested tor interfering with

PITTSBURGH, PA., April 13.-The present low stage of the Monongahela and scarcity The Texas drouth has been relieved of craft have thrown the miners between in felling a tree near Lima, Ohio, John McKeesport and Brownsville idle and andissard was killed and Clinton Longstaff other week will suspend work generally. stally injured.

Archibishop Elder writes to deny that he wrote a letter to custain the position taken by Dr. McGlynn.

The inter-State commerce law is said to be giving not only the river trade a lift on the bearing business lively on the low water.

The inter-State commerce law is said to be giving not only the river trade a lift aro ready for shipment but are tied up by but to be making business lively on the

DETROIT, MICH., April 13.-At nin 'clock last night a girl was found crying in the waiting room of the Michigan Central, and a patrolman took her to the central station. She gave her name as Cora

### WEST VIRGINIA PRESBYTERY. The First Day's Meeting at Morgantown Organization Effected.

lence of the Intelligence Morgantown, W. Va., April 13.—The Presbytery of West Virginia met in the Presbyterian Church of Morgantown on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock and was opened with an impressive sermon by Rev. Henry Rumer, of Parkersburg, the

retiring Moderator. . This Presbytery has

retiring Moderator. This Presbytery has 35 churches, represented by 12 ministers and a reported membership of 1,644. The upper Panhandle not being included, the name is a misnomer.

The Rev. J. H. Baird, of Clarksburg, was elected Moderator; and Elder James B. Stewart, of Morgantown, temporary clerk. The overture sent down by the General Assembly to the Presbyteries for action, known as the "Elder Moderator overture," which provides for a change in the form of government, allowing Ruling Elders to be elected Moderators of church courts was answered in the negative. The overture known as "Deceased's wife's sister overture" was also answered in the negative. verture" was also answered in the nega-

overture" was also answered in the negative.

Rev. H. W. Torrence, of the Presbytery of Geneva, N. Y., was admitted. Rev. J. H. Flanagan was appointed to represent the Presbytery on the Synodical Committee of Sustentation. The evening was spent in devotional exercises.

After the opening exercises of the Presbytery the Laddies Presbyterial Society of Foreign Missions met and organized, Miss Pickons presided in the absence of the President, and Mrs. Rumor acted as Secretary. Nothing beyond organization was

etary. Nothing beyond organization was

attempted.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church of Morgantown have refitted the church with furniture, and the church never looked better than to-day. The removal of the choir to the front of the church and the addition of two handsome lamp holders on either side of the pulpit are noticeable improvements.

CONFERENCE SEMINARY.

cial Dispatch to the Intelligencer. BUCKHANNON, W. VA., April 13 .- A eeting of the committee for the Confernce Seminary was called to meet here yesterday, but owing to some misunderstanding it did not occur, and last night a arge crowd assembled at the M. E. Church where speakers from various quarters of the State advocated the necessity of such an institution. At a late hour it was moved and seconded that members of the committee meet at the church at 8:30 this morning for the purpose of deciding where the seminary should be located. Prompt-ly at this time the committee was called to order and the meeting copied with to order and the meeting opened with prayer. A. J. Lyda, of Charleston, was chosen chairman pro tem, Rov. Orwin, of Kingwood, secretary, and Hon. J. C. Mc-Grew, of Kingwood, treasurer, who, after due preliminaries, were all permanently elected.

The roll call shows that five members of the committee were absent, some of these being represented by proxy. The chairman then instructed those holding the names of towns seeking the location of the Seminary to report, thereby giving them an opportunity to make their pronositions. Gratton, Clarksburg, Weston, Wheeling, Buckhannon, Parkersburg, Philippi and Salem were the towns named. Considerable debate was had over the different places. Much elequence was displayed in the discussion on the propriety of erecting the Seminary in a healthy moral and religious community, and the jokes cracked were innumerable. Buchhannon people were much agitated over the question and a strong fight was made to gain their point. The roll call shows that five members of

point.

A motion was made to arrange the towns in their alphabetical order and for each delegate to make his proposition when called. After some time the motion was adopted and business proceeded. Buckhannon offered six thousand dollars cash and a lot. Clarksburg ton thousand dollars and a lot. Salem ten thousand dollars and a lot. Salem ten thousand dollars or six thousand cash and a four thousand dollar and lot. Kingwood about four thousand dollars. Wheeling offered the Wheeling Female College, worth thirty thousand ceived a confidential circular from D. M. Thomas, Secretary of the Defense Association, dated at Louisville, April 11. The circular, after reviewing the strike at St. Louis with resulted from the mon first making a demand for 15 per cent advance, states that the patterns of the boycotted St. Louis firm, Bridge, Beach & Co., will be sent to all the manufacturers in the country, and that on a certain day the firms will be notified by telegraph to have moldings made from the same.

The moulders in this city say they will refuse to mold from these patterns, and that any attempt to force them to do so, will precipitate a strike in all the foundries of the country. The general executive committee of the National Defense Association is now in session at Clevcland, Ohio, arranging details for the coming fight, which seems inevitable. The stove moulders' union is one of the strongest trade organizations in the country, and that contest promises to be most bitter.

The mediant in the Hadduck Case, Since the return of Biemarck's wife and family from California, a little daughter about three years old was taken sick with and family from California, a little daughter about three years old was taken sick with an embranous croup. Monday night, as

trial, which occasions in the been divulged.

Since the return of Bigmarck's wife and family from California, a little daughter and was taken sick with annly from Cantornis, a little daughter shout three years old was taken sick with membranous croup. Monday night, at 10:30 o'clock, the little one died.

Bismarck, who had been allowed, in the Bismarcz, win had been silowed, in the company of a Deputy Shoriff, to be present at the house, was there when the child died, and then, with tears in his eyes child died, and then, with tears in his eyes and with a trembling voice, he placed his hand upon the dead body and swore that he told the tyath, and that Arensdorf was the man who murdered Dr. Haidook.

This is vouched for by those who were present at the time, and, as Bismarck is not a man of much intelligence, it would seem that it was not done for effect.

The American Exhibition, London, April 13,-Mr. Sartain, the

well known artist, who has arrived here paid a visit to the American Exhibition paid a visit to the American Exhibition buildings, and expressed surprise at their megnitude and beauty. The arrange-ments of the art galleries, he said, were admirably adapted for the display of pic-tures, the diffusion of light being perfect. Rapid strides are being made toward the completion of the buildings. The exhi-bition will be opened May 9.

Must Prench in German,

Bennin, April 13-It is reported that Prince Bismarck has asked Dr. Von Puttkamer, the Prussian Minister of the In-terior, to confer with Mgr. Galimberti and terior, to confer with Mgr. Galimberti and try to obtain Papal consent to a law com-pelling all the clergy in the Reichsland to preach in the German language, the Bish-ops to print their edicts in German, and the teachers and students in seminaries to speak German exclusively.

Will Eulogize Beecher. LONDON, April 13.—The Rev. Dr. Joseph

Parker, pastor of the City Temple, states that he is almost certain he will accept the proffered honor of delivering the eu-leay on the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher Dr. Parker will sail early in June for Ne

Dublin, April 13 -Archbishop Croke,

of Cashel, and all the priests of his diocese have signed a memorial protesting against

the passage of the Irish Coercion bill, which the document alleges is a measure calculated to lead to greater crimes. Agrarian Crimes.

LONDON, April 13.-The official return of Irish agrarian crimes for the past three years are given as follows: For 1884, 762; 1885, 944; 1886, 1,056.

Canadian Protest Against Cor TORONTO, ONT., April 13 -Hon. M. Mow att has given notice in the Ontario Legis lature of his intention to introduce resolu tions of sympathy with Ireland and of regret that coercion is about to be resort-

### THE BROWNS DOWNED

BY THE LEAGUE CHAMPIONS

Nevertheless They Play a Plucky Game-The Athletics and Philadelphias Play a Ten luning Game-Other Game

CINCINNATI, O., April 13.-The St. Louis club went into to-day's championship game badly handicapped. Carruthers and Foutz were both disabled and Boyle was put in to pitch. After one disastrous inning he changed places with Foutz and the latter pitched a strong game despite his lame arm. Fully 8,000 people were

present.

The Browns won the toss for umpire, and chose McQuade, who gave Chicago the best of it, especially in balls and strikes. In the first inning St. Louis was retired without a run. For the Chicagos Sunday went to first on Robinson's fumble and stole second. Ryan was given a base on balls. Sullivan flew out. Anson base on balls. Sullivan flew out. Anson was given a base on balls, and the bases were full. Pfeffer's base on balls forced Sanday, home, and Ryan scored on Williamson's foul fly. Burns was thrown out at first. In the second inning, Bushong muffed Daly's fourth strike, and Comiskey muffed his throw, letting Daly to first. He went to second on Bushong's wild throw and second on Ryan's double.

The Chicagos made their last three runs in the third inning on singles of Anson and Williams'n, fumbles of Foutz and Comiskey and Borns' ascrifice. After this inning the League club was unable to score.

this inning the League club was unable to score.

The St. Louis made the first run in the fourth when Foutz hit a hot one to Ryan, who let it pass him, and Foutz made the circuit. In the sixth Glesson was hit by a pitched ball, but was thrown out at second. O'Neil went to first on balls and took second on Comiskey's out at first. Welch made a hit to left bringing O'Neil home. Sullivan fumbled Wolch's hit and the latter reached second. Foutz hit to right and Welch scored. Robinson hit a hot grounder to Pieffer, who let it pass through his legs and Foutz started for third. Ryan picked up the ball and threw to Burns to catch Foutz. McQuade declared Foutz out. A storm of hissas greeted this decision. The Browns did no more run getting, although they had men on bases every inning afterwards. The score was as follows:

[ET. LOUIS. |R.|R.|F | A.|E.|| CHICAGO. |R.|R.|F.|A.|E.|

ST, LOUIS, R.B. P A. E. CHICAGO, R. R.P. A. E. Totals ..... 3 9 24 19 8 Totals ...... 6 10 27 18 5

Exrned runs—Chicago, 2; St. Louis, 1. Two base hits, Ryan, 2; Anson, 1. Three base—hits—Echiuson. Passed balls—Bushong, 1; Daily, 1. Wild pitch—Clarkson. First base on balls, off Boyle, 3; off Clarkson, 1. Umpire—McQuade. Boston Downs Brooklyn. beat the Brooklyns to-day, and fully 3,000 people saw them do it. The Easterners

people saw them do it. The Easterners played in good form and won on their merits. When Kelly appeared on the field he was given a round of hand clap-ping and cheers. That made him blush, Sutton played an astonishing game at centre field and Horning was nis good right hand man. Score—Boston, 9; Brooklyn, 6. PITTSBURGH, PA., April 13.—The Buffs.

os were again defeated by the home team to-day. The feature of the game was Brown's throwing from middle field to the

Base hits—Pittsburgh, 23; Buffalo, 11. Errors—Pittsburgh, 9; Buffalo, 8. Pitchers, Galvin and Zell. A Tle Game

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—The Philadelohia and Athletic clubs played one of the incident in councetion with the Haddock trial, which occurred Monday night, has just been divulged.

Since the return of Biemarck's wife and Since the return of days are successful to the surprise of the spectators called the game on account of days are successful. most interesting games of the series to-

> BALTIMORE, April 13.-Kilroy pitched nisarable game to-day, and allowed the Washington League nine to defeat the Baltimores 8 to 6. The weather was too cold for accurate fielding, and saids from the heavy batting the game was devoid of nteresting features.

Baltimore Defeated.

Columbus Almost Blanked. Columbus, O., April 13 -The Cincinnati club to-day defeated the Ohio League club of this city by a score of 12 to 2. He Will Only Hope, Orrawa, Ont., April 13 .- Various informal proceedings in connection with the opening of Parliament of Canada took

the opening of Parliament of Canada took place this afternoon. The Governor General's speech will be delivered to-morrow. It is understood that a hope will be expressed by him for an amicable settlement of the fisheries question, but nothing more will be said of the present state of the fisheries affairs except that the assurance will be given that steps have been taken to protect the Canadian in-shore fisheries. Fanning the Embers.

Berlin, April 13.—The Berlin Post publishes a spirited article to-day on the reations between Germany and France. Referring to the French eavalry evolutions

similar military preparations along the rontier bear the character of provocations. and appear to proceed entirely from wish to aggravate and alarm Germany." LONDON, April 13 .- Sir Francis Cunliffewen, who was sent as British Commissioner to the Centennial exhibition in Philadelphia, and who has represented Great Britain at various other interna-

t Luneville, in the Department of learthe-et-Moselle, it says: "These and

ional exhibitions, predicts that the Amer-can Exhibition soon to be opened here will be the greatest ever held in London, and will meet with the greatest success. Surprised Filling Bombs. Er. Perensaueg, April 13 -The Royal amily has abandoned the proposed journey to Crimes, owing to grave reports from the interior. Two hundred and elxty political arrests were made at Odersa Easter Sunday. Five persons were sur-prised in a cellar engaged in filling bombs.

DIED. BAI ZAR—Wednesday, April 13, 1887, at 7 o'clock P. M., Maunus Haizan, aged 56 years, 3 months and 7 days.

and 7 days.

uneral on Friday at 9 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, head of Twenty-fifth street, after the ceremony of a mass at the St. Alphonsus Church at 8 o'clock, Interment at Mr. Calvary Cemelery. Friends of the family will please attend.